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(54) Ventilated footwear

(57) The ventilated footwear comprises a lower part incorporating a sole, an upper part coupled to the lower part and shaped to receive a foot of a wearer. The upper part has an arch portion and is provided with an inside surface adapted to permit air circulation therethrough, and an outside surface provided with ventilation holes located in the arch portion of the upper part of the footwear. A waterproof and breathable membrane is sandwiched between the inside and outside surfaces in the arch portion of the upper part of the footwear across the holes. Furthermore, an insole is preferably disposed into the footwear. The insole has an arch portion adja-

cently located to the arch portion of the upper part of the footwear. The upper layer of the insole is adapted to permit air circulation therethrough. The insole has a bottom layer provided with transverse intersecting channels extending inwardly from a peripheral edge of the insole. At least one of the channels is adjacent to the holes located in the arch portion of the outside surface of the upper part of the footwear. The channels are provided with openings in communication with the upper layer.

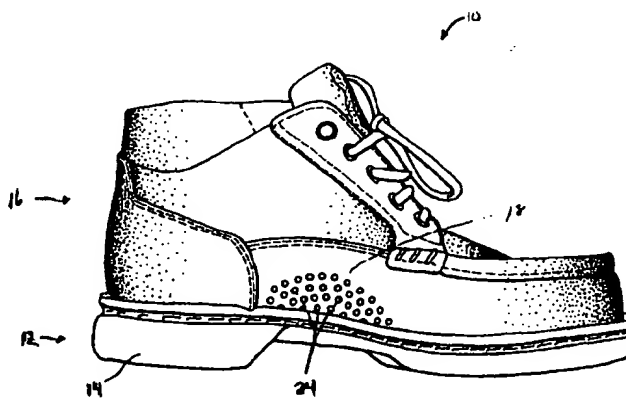


Fig. 1

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Description**Field of the invention**

[0001] The present invention relates to ventilated footwear. More specifically, the present invention relates to footwear having openings in the arch area of the upper, a waterproof and breathable membrane across said openings, and a compressible insole with openings in the top side in communication with channels on the underside which are in communication with the openings in the arch area of the upper for ventilating the interior of a footwear.

Background of the invention

[0002] Many kinds of footwear, such as athletic shoes, everyday walking shoes, and work boots have the drawback of poor ventilation. The inherent confining of the foot does not allow it to breathe, causing the foot to perspire and thereby promoting the development of bacteria, fungi and the like as well as the accompanying unpleasant odors and skin problems.

[0003] There have been various attempts to solve the problem of ventilating a shoe. A plethora of footwear constructions having various ventilation arrangements are known in the art. Openings in the upper are well known but suffer from the obvious problem of admitting debris and water. Complicated valve arrangements have been suggested by the prior art to close the opening. Many of the approaches have included a pumping means encased within the sole of the shoe, sometimes in communication with the openings in the upper. Generally, the weight of the foot is used to compress a bladder and force air out of apertures to ventilate the foot. Problems have also existed with failure of the bladder to reinflate. The shape and position of the bladder, or air pump, has been such that enough weight is always on it to prevent full inflation. Such mechanisms are typically prohibitively expensive to build into footwear and such complicated multi-component mechanisms are prone to failure and given that most of these prior art devices are built into the shoe, they are not easily repairable or replaceable.

[0004] There are also a variety of other solutions disclosed in order to improve ventilation, such as that disclosed in U.S. Patent No. 5,044,096. In this patent, the outsole is coupled to an insole, in which holes are traversing the thickness of the combined insole/outsole structure. The sole structure has a microporous, waterproof membrane disposed between the insole and the outsole, in order to allow the transpiration of the foot while keeping the foot dry. A primary disadvantage of that systems is that the openings to the exterior of the footwear are generally disposed a substantial part of the time against a surface, and such surface itself may be a source of hot air, for example hot road pavement. Another disadvantage with this solution is that since the

holes for breathing are on the bottom of the outsole, the holes are often blocked by mud, dust or the like debris, resulting in the inefficient operation of the ventilation system.

Summary of the invention

[0005] An article of footwear comprising:

- a lower part incorporating a sole,
- an upper part coupled to said lower part and shaped to receive a foot of a wearer, said upper part having an arch portion with a plurality of openings providing communication between the outside of the upper part and the interior of the upper part,
- a waterproof, breathable membrane across the openings, and
- a compressible insole with openings in the top side in communication with channels on the underside which are in communication with the openings in the arch area of the upper part,
- for ventilating the interior of a footwear.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

[0006] The present invention and its advantages will be more easily understood after reading the following non-restrictive description of preferred embodiments thereof, made with reference to the following drawings wherein:

Figure 1 is a perspective view of a preferred embodiment of the ventilated footwear according to the present invention.

Figure 2 is an exploded view of the arch portion of the footwear.

Figure 3 is an under view of the insole.

Figure 4 is a cross-sectional view of a insole operatively inserted within a footwear.

Figure 5 is a cross-longitudinal view of a channel communicating with the arch portion of the insole of Fig. 3 taken along the line V-V.

Figure 6 is a cross-view of the insole of Fig. 3 taken along the line VI-VI.

Figure 7 is a cross-view of the insole of Fig. 3 taken along the line VII-VII.

DESCRIPTION OF THE PREFERRED EMBODIMENTS

[0007] With reference to figures 1 to 4, ventilated

footwear (10) according to the present invention comprises a lower part (12) incorporating a sole (14), an upper part (16) coupled to the lower part (12) and shaped to receive a foot of a wearer. The upper part (16) may be of any type of footwear (an athletic shoe, a work boot, a hiking boot, etc.) and may be of any type of material (canvas, leather, synthetic leather, vinyl, plastic, etc.). These materials have a wide range of breathability, but often the construction of the upper part (16), particularly because of the use of adhesives, substantially reduce the breathability of the upper part (16).

[0008] The upper part (16) may also have a lining (20) to provide a comfortable interior surface to be in contact with the foot and/or sock of the wearer. Such linings are typically woven or non-woven textiles, and may have wicking properties. The upper part (16) may be treated with oils, silicone or the like to provide water resistant or water proof properties. Of course, such treatments usually interfere with the breathability of the material comprising the upper part. Waterproof and breathable membranes such as that sold under the GORE-TEX trademark are often also used on the inside of the upper part of footwear to provide water resistance with the intention of minimizing the interference with the breathability of the material comprising the upper part (16).

[0009] The upper part (16) has an arch portion (18) located on the medial side of the footwear. A plurality of openings (24) are located in the arch portion (18) of the upper part (16) of the footwear on the outside (22) thereof. The greater the number of openings (24) and the larger the openings (24) the greater degree of ventilation may be provided. The openings (24) may be arranged in almost any configuration to satisfy the aesthetic requirements of the design of the footwear. Typically, the openings (24) will be in the order of a few mm in diameter.

[0010] A waterproof, breathable membrane (26) larger than the area of the openings (24) is secured to the upper part (16) across the openings. The membrane (26) is preferably made of material such as the material known by the trademark GORE-TEX or another equivalent material. Such material allows air and water vapor to move across it, but does not allow water in liquid form to move across it. In the preferred embodiment of the invention, membrane (26) is secured to the interior (20) of the upper part (16) and may be secured between the upper part and any interior lining, although it is contemplated that it may be secured to the exterior of the upper part (16). The membrane (26) may be secured by adhesive about the periphery or adhesive tape or stitched, although stitching may require the stitch holes to be sealed to ensure that the stitch holes do not admit water to the interior of the footwear.

[0011] The membrane may also be combined with a lining material which may be particularly advantageous when the membrane is to be disposed on the interior of the upper part with no liner between it and the

foot (or sock over the foot) of the wearer.

[0012] Given the usual location and general configuration of the structure of the present invention, the membrane of the preferred embodiment is generally a half circle in shape as shown in Figure 2.

[0013] An insole (28) is preferably disposed into the footwear and it is preferably made of a resilient and compressible material, such as polyurethane, although EVA and other such materials may be used. The insole (28) is shaped to fit within the upper part and is contoured to provide a comfortable footbed for the foot of the wearer. Insoles of this type are well known, an example of one such footbed can be found in U.S. Patent No. Des. 290,423. The contouring of the insole includes an arch portion (30) which extends upwardly (see Fig. 4) to provide support and comfort for the medial arch of the foot of the wearer.

[0014] In the preferred embodiment of the invention, a plurality of openings (40) are provided substantially vertically through the thickness of the insole (28). As with the openings (24) in the upper part, the greater the number of openings (40) and the larger the openings (40) the greater degree of ventilation may be provided by the invention. The size and shape of the openings (40) are limited only to the extent that the support and comfort function of the insole (28) would be compromised. The openings (40) may be arranged in a variety of configurations, again with consideration of the support and comfort function of the insole in mind, and with consideration of the structure of the bottom side of the insole as discussed below.

[0015] In the preferred embodiment of the invention, a lining material (32) preferably made of a quilted textile such as the one known by the trademark CAMBRELLE is secured to the top surface in order to provide a comfortable surface for the foot of the wearer as well as air circulation and wicking properties. An alternative lining material such as kidskin leather may also be employed. In the case where a lining material such as the CAMBRELLE textile is employed, the openings (40) may not have to extend through the lining material; however, in the case where kidskin leather is employed, it is desirable that the openings (40) pass through the lining material in order to maximize breathability.

[0016] The bottom of the insole is provided with a plurality of substantially horizontal grooves or channels (36) in register with the substantially vertical openings (40) through the thickness of the insole (28) such that the channels (36) are in communication with the openings (40). The channels may be arranged in a variety of configurations with consideration of the location of the substantially vertical openings (40) through the thickness of the insole (28) as well as the support and comfort function of the insole (28) in mind.

[0017] The durometer of the insole (28) material, the thickness of the insole (28), and the depth of the channels (36) should be selected such that when a person walks or runs, the insole (28) should substantially

compress to provide a pumping action but allow the channels (36) to remain open in order to permit adequate air circulation. The weight of the wearer must, of course be taken into account in making such selections. Such selections are within the abilities of one of ordinary skill in the art and the ranges are not particularly different than that generally presently employed.

[0018] The plurality of channels (36) are arranged to be in communication with a plurality of channels (42) which extend to the upwardly extending arch portion (30) of the insole (see Fig. 4). These channels (42) are located so as to be in register with the openings (24) in the upper part. In an alternative embodiment of the invention, the channels (42) extending to the upwardly extending arch portion (30) of the insole may terminate in a cavity located in the upwardly extending arch portion (30) underside of the insole (28) and that cavity would be in communication the plurality of the openings (24) in the upper part.

[0019] As is apparent from a study of the structure shown and described, upon even the minimal almost imperceptible rocking a person experiences when standing still and even more so in the course of walking, the insole (28) compresses resulting in air being pumped through the channels (36) (42) and through the openings (24) in the upper part. As the wearer's foot is lifted off the ground, and the insole (28) expands to its uncompressed state, low pressure is created within the interior of the upper part and air is thereby drawn into the upper part through the openings (24) therein, through the channels (36) (42). Because of the properties of the membrane (26) across the openings, air carrying water vapor may pass out of the interior of the footwear and fresh air but not water in liquid state or debris may pass into the shoe. The openings (40) through the thickness of the insole permit the circulation of air to extend to that portion of the interior of the footwear above the insole and closer to the foot of the wearer.

[0020] The present invention may be provided to a footwear manufacturer or even a shoe repair facility as a kit comprising a template for the openings (24) in the upper part (16), an insole (28) constructed according to the invention and a membrane (26) with adhesive means. As mentioned herein, the present invention may be employed in wide variety of footwear types employing a wide variety of materials. The overall cost of adding the present invention to footwear is low compared to other ventilation schemes.

[0021] It should be understood that the present invention relates to a ventilated footwear (10) such as, regular shoes, athletic shoes, outdoor shoes, casual shoes, ski boots and fishing boots, where there is a need to ventilate the foot of a wearer, and is meant to include, but is not limited to: all categories of children's, women's and men's footwear; basketball, football, soccer, tennis, golf, bicycle shoes; skates (ice or inline); cowboy boots; work boots and shoes; military boots and

shoes; nurse's, doctor's and other medical personnel's shoes.

[0022] Although the present invention has been explained herein above by way of a preferred embodiment thereof, it should be pointed out that any modification to this preferred embodiment within the scope of the present description is not deemed to alter or change the nature and scope of the present invention, as defined in the appended claims.

[0023] Furthermore, according to another aspect of the invention, the channels located on the bottom layer of the insole are transverse intersecting channels extending inwardly from the peripheral edge of the insole and at least one of the channels is adjacent to the holes located in the arch portion of the outside surface of the upper part of the footwear.

Claims

1. An article of footwear comprising:

a lower part incorporating a sole,

an upper part coupled to said lower part and shaped to receive a foot of a wearer, said upper part having an arch portion with a plurality of openings providing communication between the exterior of the upper part and the interior of the upper part,

a waterproof, breathable membrane across the openings, and

a compressible insole having a plurality of channels on the underside which are in communication with the openings in the arch area of the upper part.

2. The article of footwear according to claim 1, wherein said insole further comprises a plurality of substantially vertical openings in register and communication with said channels.

3. The article of footwear according to claim 1, wherein said insole further comprises a textile lining disposed on the upper side.

4. The article of footwear according to claim 1, wherein said insole further comprises an upwardly extending portion in the medial arch area.

5. The article of footwear according to claim 4, wherein said upwardly extending portion in the medial arch area has a plurality of channels in communication with one or more of said channels on the underside of said insole.

6. The article of footwear according to claim 5,

- wherein said channels in said upwardly extending portion in the medial arch area are in register and communication with said openings in said upper part.
7. A kit for providing ventilation in an article of footwear, said kit comprising:
- an insole,
 - an air permeable and water impermeable membrane,
 - adhesive means for securing said membrane to said article of footwear.
8. The kit of claim 7, further comprising a pattern for making openings in the upper part of said article of footwear.
9. The kit of claim 7, wherein said insole comprises a compressible material having a plurality of channels on the underside for communication with the openings in the arch area of the upper part of said article of footwear.
10. The kit of claim 9, wherein said insole further comprises a plurality of substantially vertical openings in register and communication with said channels.
11. The kit of claim 9, wherein said insole further comprises a textile lining disposed on the upper side.
12. The kit of claim 9, wherein said insole further comprises an upwardly extending portion in the medial arch area.
13. The kit of claim 12, wherein said insole wherein said upwardly extending portion in the medial arch area has a plurality of channels in communication with one or more of said channels on the underside of said insole.
14. The article of footwear according to claim 13, wherein said channels in said upwardly extending portion in the medial arch area are to register and communicate with openings in said upper part.
15. An article of footwear comprising:
- a lower part incorporating a sole,
 - an upper part coupled to said lower part and shaped to receive a foot of a wearer, said part being provided with a plurality of openings providing communication between the exterior of the upper part and the interior of the upper part, and a water proof, breathable membrane across the openings.
16. An article of footwear according to claim 15, wherein said openings are located in a predetermined area.
17. An article of footwear according to claim 16, wherein said article further comprises a compressible insole having a plurality of channels on the underside which are in communication with the openings in the upper part.
18. An article of footwear according to claim 17, wherein said insole further comprises a plurality of substantially vertical openings in register and communication with said channels.
19. An article of footwear according to claim 17, wherein said insole further comprises a textile lining disposed on the upper side.

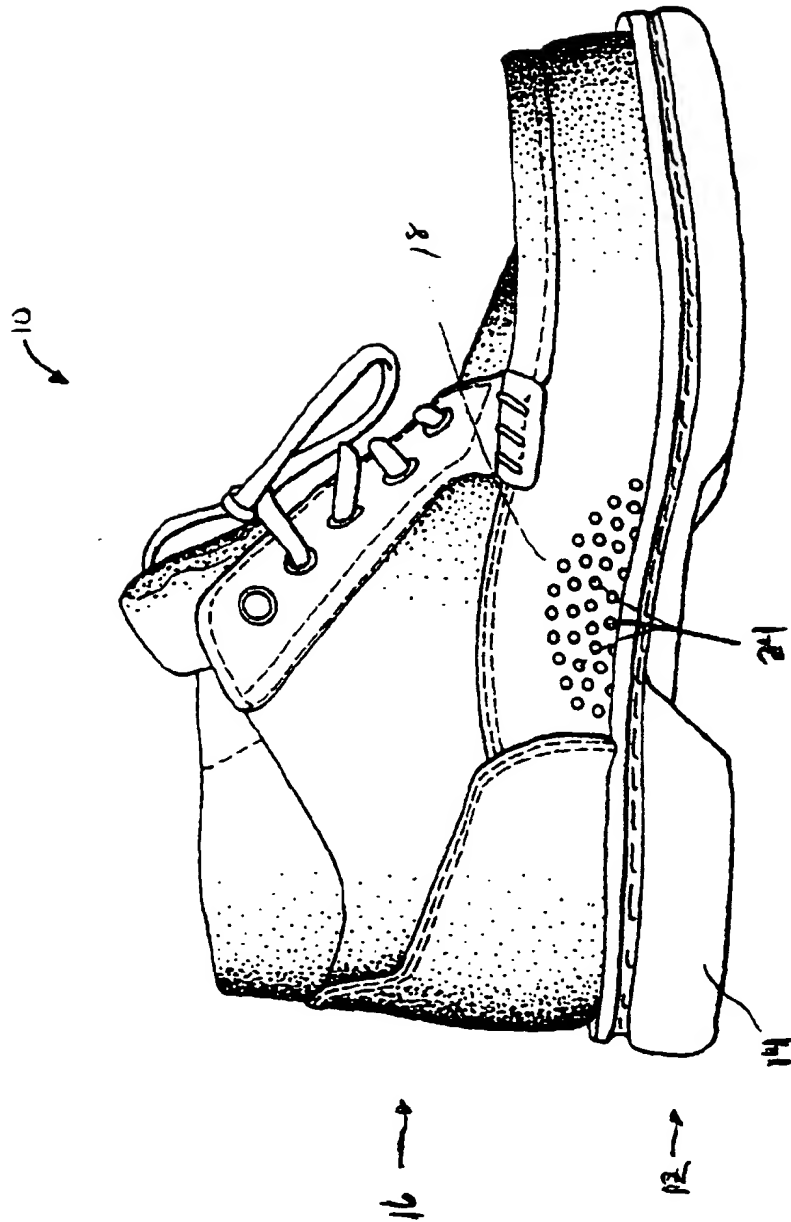


Fig. 1

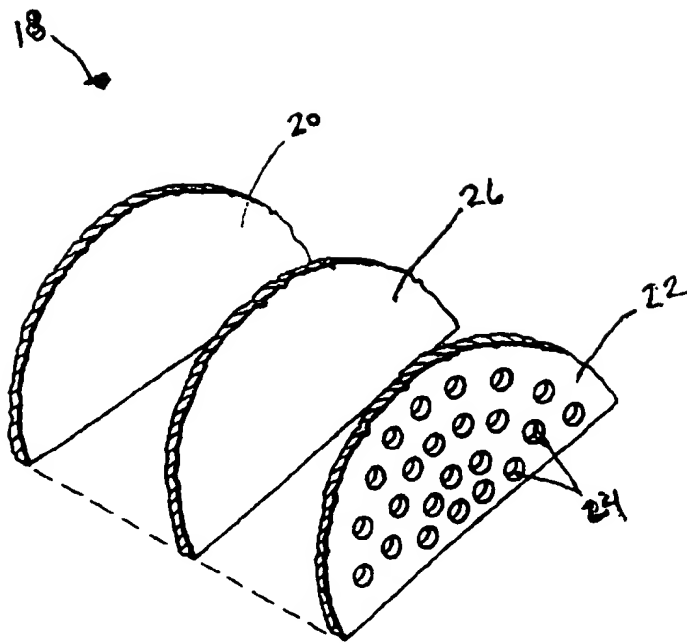


Fig 2

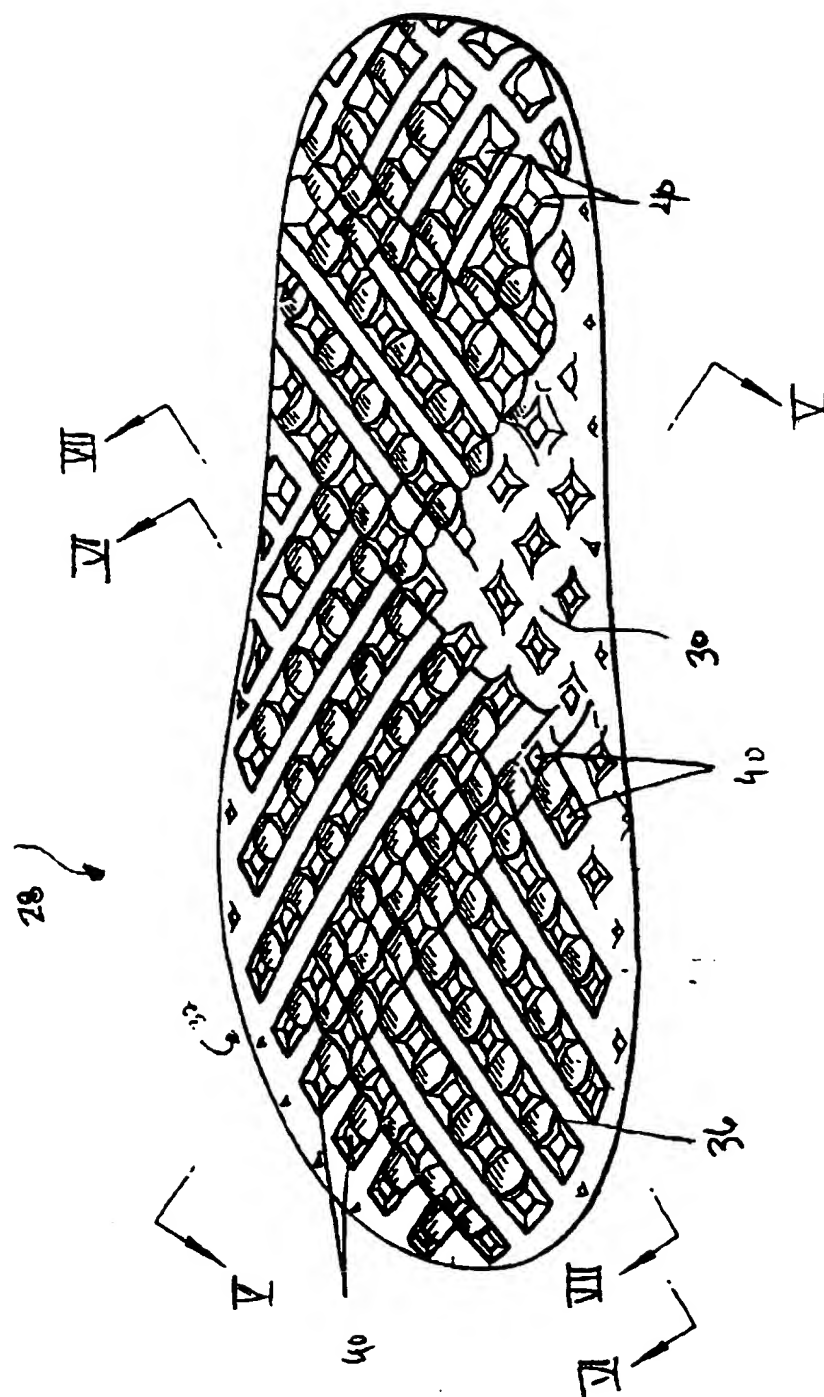


Fig 3

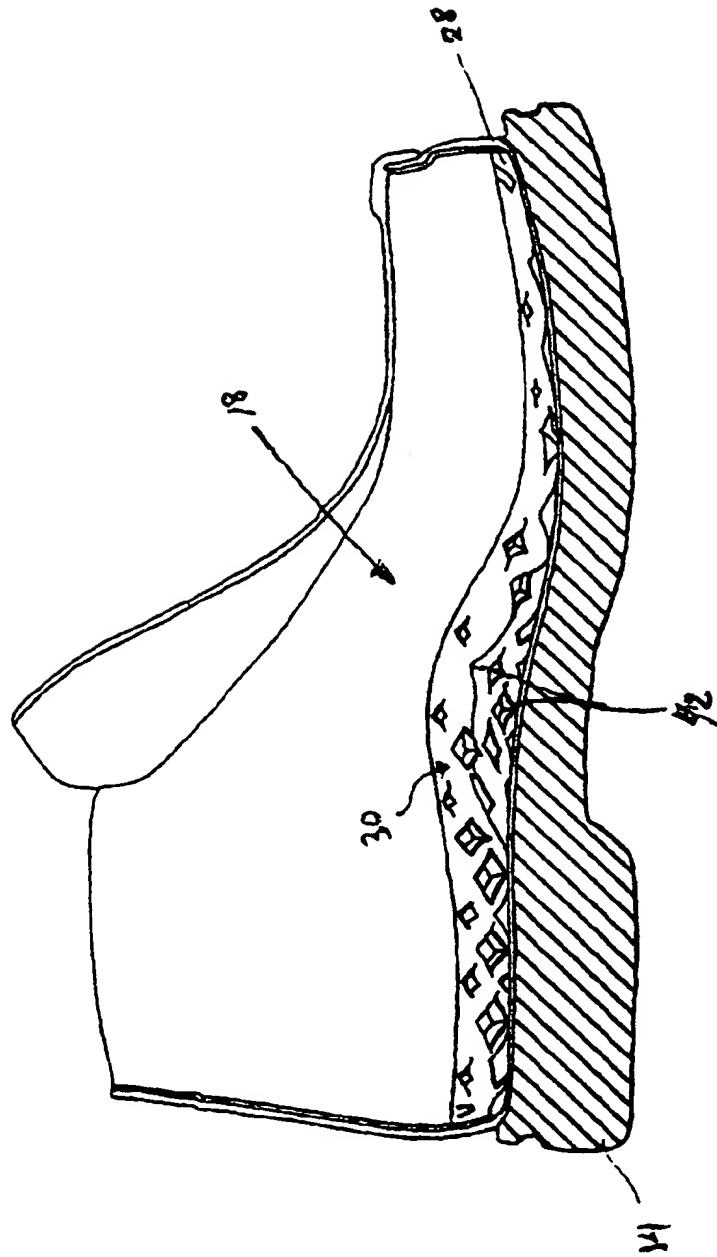
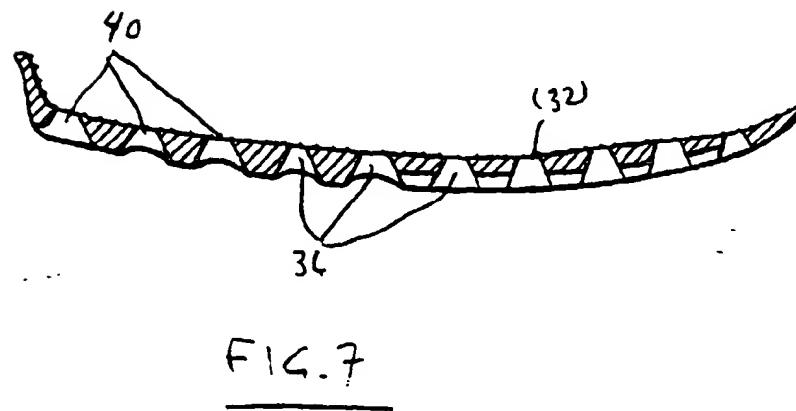
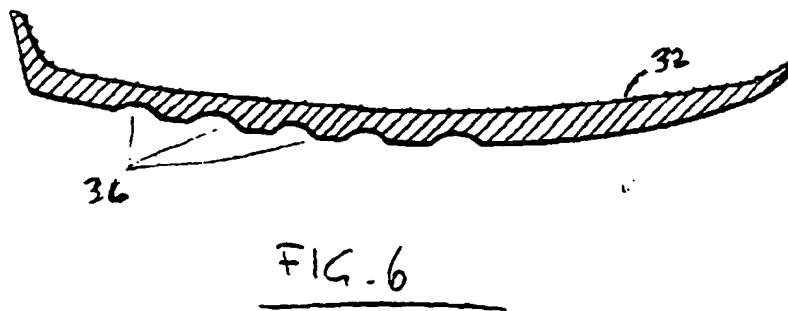
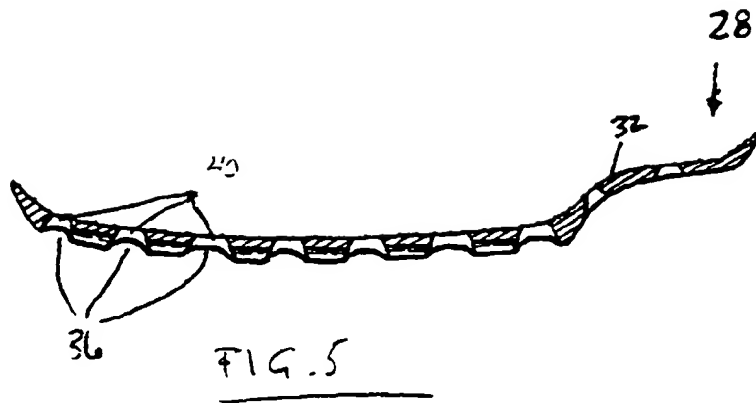


Fig 4





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EUROPEAN SEARCH REPORT

Application Number
EP 99 40 2866

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The present search report has been drawn up for all claims			
Place of search THE HAGUE		Date of completion of the search 24 October 2000	Examiner Claudel, B
<p>CATEGORY OF CITED DOCUMENTS</p> <p>X: particularly relevant if taken alone Y: particularly relevant if combined with another document of the same category A: technological background O: non-written disclosure P: intermediate document</p> <p>T: theory or principle underlying the invention E: earlier patent document, but published on, or after the filing date D: document cited in the application L: document cited for other reasons &: member of the same patent family, corresponding document</p>			

**ANNEX TO THE EUROPEAN SEARCH REPORT
ON EUROPEAN PATENT APPLICATION NO.**

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